

# **Emergency Department Discharge Medication Supply Procedure**

# 1. Guiding Principles

The following information relates to the appropriate supply of medication to patients upon discharge from WA Country Health Service (WACHS) Emergency Departments (ED) in the Wheatbelt region.

Provision of appropriate labels and packaging will be available through WACHS Wheatbelt Pharmacy individually (i.e. cardboard boxes, bottles, template labels and cautionary and advisory labels number ).

Appropriate supply of packaging will be monitored by WACHS Wheatbelt Pharmacy

### 2. Procedure

The provision of discharge medications to ED patients is at the prescriber's discretion. It may be necessary for the medical practitioner to dispense, where a pharmacist or retail pharmacy is unavailable, sufficient medication on discharge until a discharge prescription can be filled.

The medical practitioner is to make a written record of the medication dispensed at the time of supply and the medication is to be labelled in accordance with the *Medicines* and *Poisons Act 2014* (WA) and Medicines and Poisons Regulations 2016.

#### 2.1 General Considerations

- i. Any medications given to a patient on discharge must be recorded in the patient's case notes and on the patient's medication chart (MR170A/ETS Medication and Fluid Chart).
- **ii.** Care should be taken to avoid creating a drug seeking environment. When considering supply of S8 medications the prescriber must be of the belief that the patient is not drug dependent.
- **iii.** Discharge supplies should only be provided in circumstances that a delay in commencement of treatment would be detrimental to patient care or where there is a concern that the patient will not fill a prescription and therefore, not receive the required treatment.
- iv. Discharge supplies are limited in quantity to enable administration until a community pharmacy is open maximum supply should not exceed 2 days of treatment.
- v. All\_medications that are dispensed upon discharge are to be recorded into a Medication Supply Register and reported to the Wheatbelt Regional Pharmacy each month (copy of register page emailed to wheatbelt.pharmacy@health.wa.gov.au).
- vi. The Regional Pharmacy will provide a report of Schedule 8 medication dispensed to any non-admitted patients to the Pharmaceutical Services Branch of WA Health Department.

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### 2.2 Discharge medication/s provided by ED staff

- i. Any medication/s supplied directly through the ED must be fully labelled using template labels and recorded in the patient's case notes and on the medication chart (MR170A/ETS Medication and Fluid Chart).
- **ii.** These discharge supplies must comply with *Medicines and Poisons Act* (WA) and Medicines and Poisons Regulations legal requirements for labelling and packaging, including specific labelling for medication that may cause drowsiness (Cautionary and Advisory label #1)
- iii. All provision of medication/s to patients must be performed by prescribers only. Should an RN be required to assist a medical practitioner in the dispensing of a Schedule 4 or Schedule 8 medication to a non-admitted patient, the dispensed item is to be handed to the medical practitioner for supply by him/her to the patient.
- iv. Where the medical practitioner is not physically able to hand medication to the patient (Video Consult) the assisting RN is to prepare the label, package medication and hand the medication to the patient within sight of the virtual prescriber. Medications prescribed by a virtual prescriber on an MR 170A or ETS Medication and Fluid Chart and documented into the case notes will need to be faxed, or scanned and emailed via appropriately secure means (refer to WA Health MP 0067/17 Information and Security Policy section 3.2.4.3) to site as soon as practicable within a 24 hour period.
- v. Provision of medication related counselling is the responsibility of the medical practitioner and should be provided directly to the patient at the time discharge supplies are issued, either in person or virtually.

#### 2.3 Provision of Starter Pack

Structured Administration and Supply Arrangements (SASA), issued by the Chief Executive Officer of Health under Part 6 of the Medicines and Poisons Regulations 2016, authorise Registered Nurses to supply starter packs, of approved medicines, for the acute treatment of patients of a hospital, other than in-patients. Provision of discharge supplies (including Starter Packs) is to be documented in the Medication Supply Register (notate SP in register).

#### 2.4 Provision of medication not packed as a Starter Pack

- i. Source supply of medication ensuring product is within expiry date and supply will not compromise treatment of current or expected inpatients
- **ii.** Prepare label noting medication (generic name, formulation and dosage); instructions, patient name, date of issue and Doctor's name. Where blister strips are cut the expiry date information must be retained on the supply remaining at the hospital
- iii. Include sedation warning label for relevant medications (Poisons Standard October 2017 appendix K) <a href="https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/poisons-standard-susmp">https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/poisons-standard-susmp</a>
- iv. Document the provision of discharge supplies in the Medication Supply Register (notate NSP in register).
- v. Supply appropriate medication related counselling.

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- **2.5** The following details must be recorded, on the clinical record, when supplying any schedule 4 or 8 poison:
  - the name, quantity, strength and form of the medicine
  - · the address of the person treated and
  - the date on which the medicine is supplied
  - if the medicine is a Schedule 8 poison:
    - the date of birth of the person treated and
    - the name and address of the prescriber.

#### 3. Definitions

ED	Emergency Department		
SASA	Structured Administration and Supply Arrangements		
Dispense / Dispensed	Supply of medication by an authorised medical practitioner from the prescribers own medication order in accordance with Medicine and Poison regulation 51.		

### 4. Roles and Responsibilities

It is the role of the registered nurse (RN), nurse practitioner (NP) and midwife, eligible midwife and in limited situations, enrolled nurse (EN), to administer medication in accordance with legislative requirements.

Medical practitioner (MP) and nurse practitioners (NP) are required to prescribe medications in line with their APHRA registration.

## 5. Compliance

Failure to comply with this policy document may constitute a breach of the WA Health Code of Conduct (Code). The Code is part of the <u>Integrity Policy Framework</u> issued pursuant to section 26 of the <u>Health Services Act 2016</u> (WA) and is binding on all WACHS staff which for this purpose includes trainees, students, volunteers, researchers, contractors for service (including all visiting health professionals and agency staff) and persons delivering training or education within WACHS.

Compliance with this medication policy is to be measured by the number of medication incidents, adverse events and near misses relating to inappropriate medication administration by a RN, midwife, EN or NP and reported through the Clinical Incident Monitoring system.

WACHS staff are reminded that compliance with all policies is mandatory.

# 6. Records Management

All WACHS clinical records must be managed in accordance with <u>Health Record</u> Management Policy.

### 7. Evaluation

Resupply of a Medication Supply Pack will require reporting of all medication dispensed upon discharge with monthly reporting of register back to Wheatbelt Pharmacy Team. Regional report will be provided six (6) monthly to the Medication Safety Network Meeting to monitor supply of discharge medications.

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#### 8. Standards

National Safety and Quality Health Care Standards: 1, 4

## 9. Legislation

Medicines and Poisons Act 2014 (WA)

Medicines and Poisons Regulations 2016

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Structured Administration and Supply Arrangements, CEO of Health under Part 6

### 10. References

Starter Pack Register

The Department of Health Safety and Quality website

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Healthcare (ACSQHC) Standards <u>Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA) Code of Ethics for Nurses</u> 2008

### 11. Related Forms

MR170A WA Hospital Medication Chart - Adult Short Stay MR170D Paediatric Short Stay Medication Chart

## 12. Related Policy Documents

Wheatbelt Medication Storage Procedure
WACHS Medication Prescribing and Administration Policy

# 13. Related WA Health System Policies

MP 0104/19 Medication Review Policy

MP 0131/20 High Risk Medication Policy

MP 0078/18 Medication Chart Policy

MP 0067/17 Information and Security Policy

# 14. Policy Framework

Clinical Governance, Safety and Quality Policy Framework

# This document can be made available in alternative formats on request for a person with a disability

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